

## AC/DC Current Sensor CYCS-xnS0

The **CYCS-xnS0** AC/DC current sensor/transducer works according to Linear Photoelectrical Isolation and is designed for applications to the measurement and monitoring of AC/DC current and DC impulse current. The output signal of this transducer is tracing voltage or AC/DC voltage, which is proportional to the input AC/DC current. They are suitable for measurements and long-time monitoring of DC, AC and impulse currents.

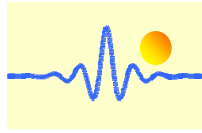
### Specifications

Rated input current	1mA, 5mA, 10mA, 50mA, 100mA, 500mA, 1A, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A (DC calibration, option: AC calibration)		
Linear measuring range	0 - 1.2 times of rated input current		
Overload capacity	10 times of rated input current, sustained for 1 second, with a 300-second interval, repeated 5 times		
Input frequency	±DC, 20Hz ~ 10kHz		
Input resistance	$R_i=0.05V / I_x$ , $I_x$ : Input current		
Output signals	Tracing output ±5V, 0-5V, 0-10V		
Measuring accuracy	±0.2%	Thermal drift	160ppm/°C
Load capacity	5mA	Response time	≤15μs
Power supply	±12VDC, ±15VDC	Static current	30mA
Isolation	Isolation between input and output, power supply at the output		
Isolation withstanding voltage	2.5 kV DC, 1min, leakage current 1mA		
Surge (Impulse) Immunity	GB/T 17626.5, Level 2, 1kV		
Electrostatic Discharge Immunity	GB/T 17626.2 Contact or Air Discharge Level 2, 4kV		
Electrical Fast Transient Burst Immunity	GB/T 17626.4, Signal Port Level 3, 1kV; Power Port Level 2, 1kV		
Operating temperature	-25°C ~ +70°C	Storage temperature	-40°C ~ + 85°C
Relative humidity	10% ~ 90%	Protection of Case	IP20
Mounting	DIN Rail 35mm	MTBF	50000h
Material of Case	ABS (according to UL94V-0)		
Case Style	S0 without aperture		
Unit weight	90g		

### Definition of Part number:

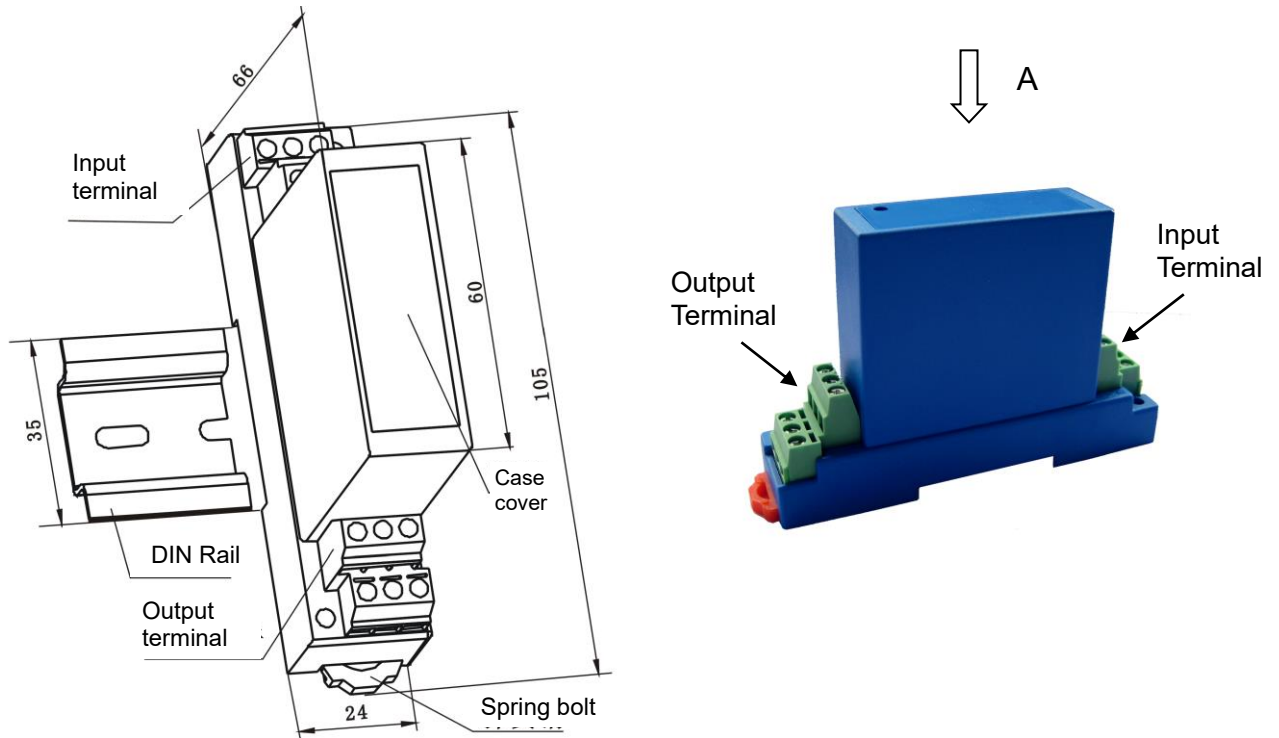
CYCS	-	x	n	S0	-	0.2	-	m
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Series name	Output signal	Power supply	Case style	Accuracy class	Input current range (m)
CYCS	<b>x=1:</b> ±5V AC/DC <b>x=3:</b> 0-5V AC/DC <b>x=8:</b> 0-10V AC/DC	<b>n=5:</b> ±12V DC <b>n=6:</b> ±15V DC <b>n=6:</b> ±15V DC	S0	0.2%	1mA, 5mA, 10mA, 50mA, 100mA, 500mA, 1A, 2A, 3A, 4A, 5A

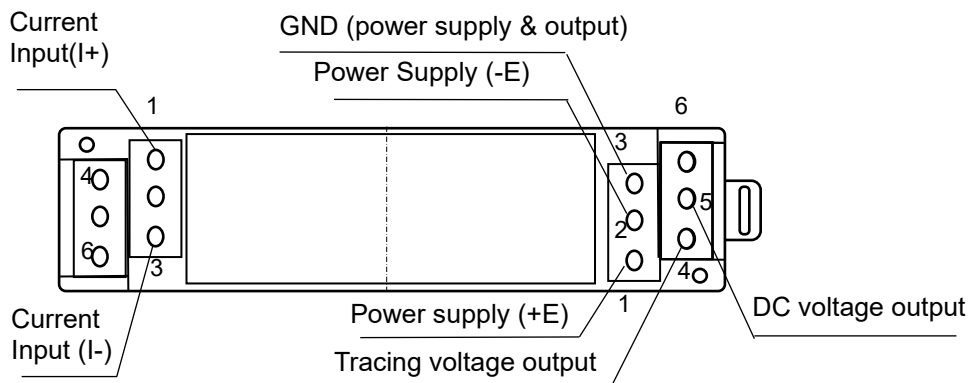


**Example 1:** CYCS-15S0-0.2-100mA, AC/DC Current sensor with  
Output signal:  $\pm 5V$  AC/DC  
Power supply:  $\pm 12V$  DC  
Rated input current:  $\pm 100mA$  AC/DC

**DIMENSIONS (mm)**

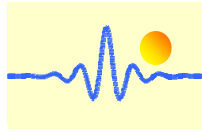


View of A Direction



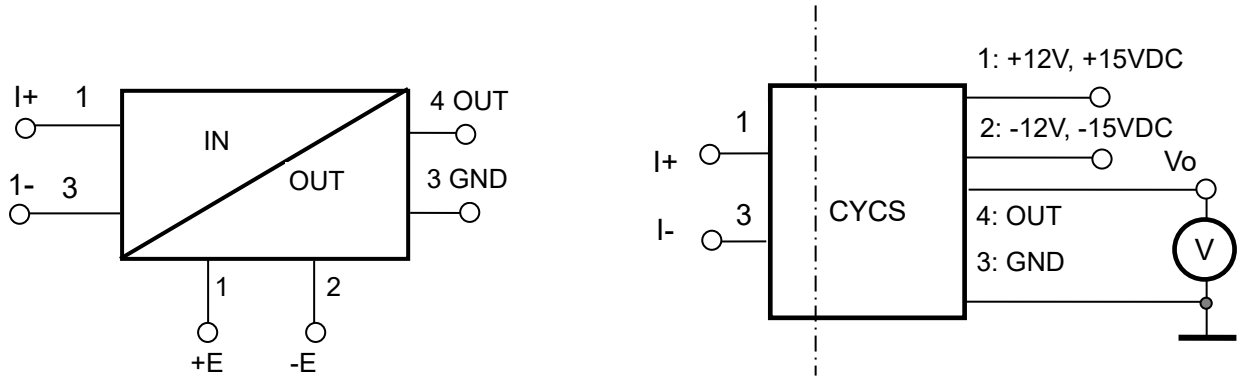
Please don't use the undefined terminals

Dimensions: 105mm x 24mm x 66mm



## CONNECTION

### Wiring of Terminals for Tracing Voltage Output:



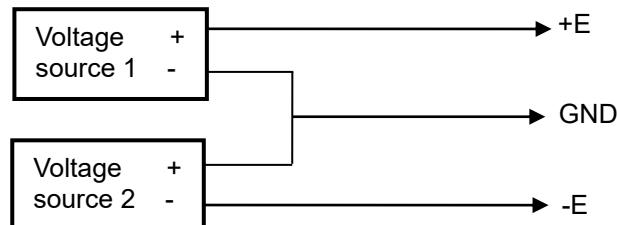
#### Input Terminals:

1, 3: Input Current I+ and I-;

#### Output Terminals:

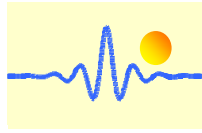
1, 2: Power Supply +E and -E  
3: GND (for power supply and output)  
4: Tracing Voltage Output

The power supply +E and -E can be generated by using two voltage sources:

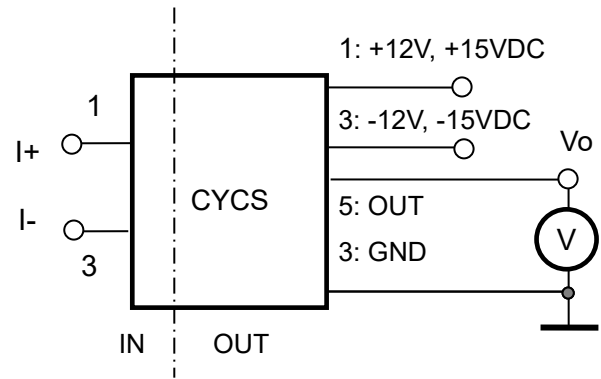
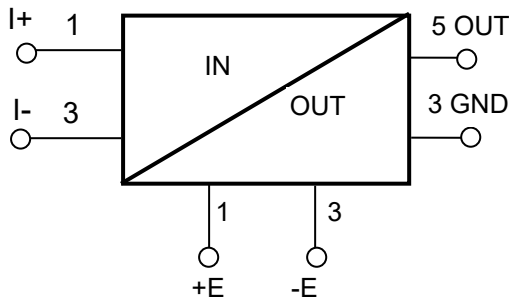


#### Relation between Input and Output:

Sensor CYCS-15S0-0.2-100mA	
Input current (mA)	Output voltage (V)
-100	-5
-50	-2.5
0	0
50	2.5
100	5



**Wiring of Terminals for voltage output:**



**Input Terminals:**

1, 3: Input Current I+ and I-;

**Output Terminals:**

1, 2: Power Supply +E and -E  
3: GND (for power supply and output)  
5: Voltage Output

**Relation between Input and Output:**

Sensor CYCS-36S0-0.5-100mA	
Input Current (mA)	Output voltage (V)
0	0
25	1.25
50	2.5
75	3.75
100	5